PATIENT RECORD OF DISCLOSURES

In general, the HIPAA privacy rule gives individuals the right to request a restriction on uses and disclosures of their protected health information (PHI). The individual is also provided the right to request confidential communications or that a communication of PHI is made by alternative means, such as sending correspondence to the individual's office instead of the individual's home.

I wish to be contacted in the following manner (check all that applies):

☐ Home Telephone: _____
- ☐ O.K. to leave message with detailed information
- ☐ Leave message with call back number only

☐ Work Telephone: _____
- ☐ O.K. to leave message with detailed information
- ☐ Leave message with call back number only

☐ Written Communication:
- ☐ O.K. to mail my home address
- ☐ O.K. to mail to my work/office address
- ☐ O.K. to fax this number: _____

☐ Other _____
_____

_____ _____
Patient Signature Date

_____ _____
Print Name Birthdate

The privacy rule generally requires healthcare providers to take reasonable steps to limit the use or disclosure of, and requests for PHI to the minimum necessary to accomplish the intended purpose. These provisions do not apply to uses or disclosures made pursuant to an authorization requested by the individual.

Healthcare entities must keep records of PHI disclosures. Information provided below, if completed properly, will constitute an adequate record.

Uses and disclosures for TPO may be permitted without prior consent in an emergency.

Record of Disclosures of Protected Health Information

Date	Disclosed to (address or fax number)	Authorized (yes or no)	Description and Purpose of Disclosure	Disclosed By	Type of PHI disclosed (treatment, Health, payment)	Disclosed Via